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ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

as per /ISO 14025/ and /EN 15804/

Programme holder Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU

Publisher Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)

Declaration number EPD-OBJ-20170126-CBC1-EN

Issue date 25.07.2017 Valid to 14.07.2022

Woven broadloom carpet

pile material polyamide 6.6, aqueous dyeing method, maximum total pile weight 800 g/m²

Object Carpet GmbH



www.ibu-epd.com / https://epd-online.com



General Information

Object Carpet GmbH Woven broadloom carpet pile material PA 6.6, maximum total pile weight 800 g/m² Programme holder Owner of the declaration IBU - Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. Object Carpet GmbH Panoramastr. 1 Rechbergstraße 19 10178 Berlin 73770 Denkendorf Germany Germany **Declaration number** Declared product / declared unit EPD-OBJ-20170126-CBC1-EN 1 m² woven broadloom carpet having a pile material of polyamide 6.6 Scope: This declaration is based on the product category rules: The manufacturer declaration applies to a group of similar products with a maximum total pile weight of Floor coverings, 02/2018 (PCR checked and approved by the SVR) The carpet is produced externally in the manufacturing site Bording, Denmark. Issue date LCA results for product groups having a lower total pile 25.07.2017 weight can be taken from the corresponding tables of the annex or can be calculated by using equation Valid to 1 given in the annex (see annex chapter: 'General 14.07.2022 Information on the annex'). The declaration is only valid in conjunction with a valid GUT-/PRODIS/ license of the product. The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence; the IBU shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences. Verification Wermanjes The standard /EN 15804/ serves as the core PCR Independent verification of the declaration and data according to /ISO 14025:2010/ Prof. Dr.-Ing. Horst J. Bossenmayer internally externally (President of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.) Dr. Burkhart Lehmann Angela Schindler

Product

(Managing Director IBU)

Product description / Product definition

Flat woven broadloom carpet having a pile material of polyamide 6.6 and a woven textile backing made of polyester with recycled content.

The carpet is colored by a continuous dyeing method. The declaration applies to a group of products with a maximum total pile weight of 800 g/m^2 .

The LCA results are calculated for products with the maximum total pile weight.

LCA results for product groups having a lower total pile weight can be taken from the corresponding tables of the annex. These result tables refer to categories of total pile weights in steps of 100 g/m². The LCA results always refer to the highest total pile weight of the corresponding pile weight category. Results for similar products with any other total pile weight can be

calculated by using equation 1 given in the annex (see annex chapter: 'General Information on the annex').

(Independent verifier appointed by SVR)

For the placing on the market of the product in the EU/EFTA (with the exception of Switzerland)
Regulation (EU) No. 305/2011 /CPR/ applies. The Declaration of Performance of the products taking into consideration /EN 14041/ and the CE-marking of the products can be found on the manufacturer's technical information section.

Application

According to the use class as defined in /EN 1307/ the products can be used in all professional area which require class 33 or less.



Technical Data

Name	Value	Unit
Product Form	broadloom carpet	1
Type of manufacture	flat woven	1
Yarn type	PA 6.6	1
Secondary backing	Textile backing made of polyester with recycled	-
	content	
Total pile weight	max. 800	g/m²
Total carpet weight	max. 2400	g/m²

Additional product properties in accordance with /EN 1307/ and performance data of the product in accordance with the Declaration of Performance with respect to its Essential Characteristics according to /EN 14041/ can be found on the Product Information System /PRODIS/ using the /PRODIS/ registration number of the product (www.pro-dis.info) or on the manufacturer's technical information section (www.object-carpet.com).

Base materials / Ancillary materials

Name	Value	Unit
Polyamide 6.6	34.3	%
Polyester	15.2	%
Polypropylene	1.9	%
Limestone	16.9	%
Aluminium hydroxide	16.9	%
Acrylic ester	13.7	%
Glass fibre	0.6	%
Additives	0.5	%

The products are registered in the GUT-/PRODIS/ Information System. The /PRODIS/ system ensures the compliance with limitations of various chemicals and VOC-emissions and a ban on use of all substances that are listed as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) under /REACH/.

Reference service life

A calculation of the reference service life according to /ISO 15686/ is not possible.

The service life of textile floor coverings strongly depends on the correct installation taking into account the declared use classification and the adherence to cleaning and maintenance instructions.

A minimum service life of 10 years can be assumed, technical service life can be considerably longer.

LCA: Calculation rules

Declared Unit

Name	Value	Unit
Declared unit	1	m ²
Conversion factor to 1 kg	0.42	ı
Mass reference	2.40	kg/m²

The declared unit refers to 1 m² produced textile floor covering. Output of module A5 'Assembly' is 1 m² installed textile floor covering.

System boundary

Type of EPD: Cradle-to-grave

System boundaries of modules A, B, C, D:

A1-A3 Production:

Energy supply and production of the basic material, processing of secondary material, auxiliary material, transport of the material to the manufacturing site, emissions, waste water treatment, packaging material and waste processing up to the landfill disposal of residual waste (except radioactive waste). Benefits for generated electricity and steam due to the incineration of production waste are aggregated.

A4 Transport:

Transport of the packed textile floor covering from factory gate to the place of installation.

A5 Installation:

Installation of the textile floor covering, processing of installation waste and packaging waste up to the landfill disposal of residual waste (except radioactive waste), the production of the amount of carpet that occurs as installation waste including its transport to the place of installation.

Generated electricity and steam due to the incineration of waste are listed in the result table as exported energy.

Preparing of the floor and auxiliary materials (adhesives, fixing agents, PET connectors) are beyond the system boundaries and not taken into account.

B1 Use:

Indoor emissions during the use stage. After the first year, no product related VOC emissions are relevant due to known VOC decay curves of the product.

B2 Maintenance:

Cleaning of the textile floor covering for a period of 1 year.

Vacuum cleaning – electricity supply
Wet cleaning – electricity, water consumption,
production of the cleaning agent, waste water

The declared values in this module have to be multiplied by the assumed service life of the floor

covering in the building in question (see annex, chapter 'General information on use stage').

B3 - B7:

The modules are not relevant and therefore not declared.

C1 De-construction:

The floor covering is de-constructed manually and no additional environmental impact is caused.

C2 Transport:

Transport of the carpet waste to a landfill, to the municipal waste incineration plant (MWI) or to the waste collection facility for recycling.

C3 Waste processing:

C3-1: Landfill disposal need no waste processing.

C3-2: Impact from waste incineration (plant with

R1>0.6), generated electricity and steam are listed in the result table as exported energy.

C3-3: Collection of the carpet waste, waste processing (granulating).

C4 Disposal

C4-1: Impact from landfill disposal,

C4-2: The carpet waste leaves the system in module C3-2.

C4-3: The pre-processed carpet waste leaves the system in module C3-3

D Recycling potential:

D-A5: Benefits for generated energy due to incineration of packaging and installation waste (incineration plant with R1 > 0.6),

D-1: Benefits for generated energy due to landfill disposal of carpet waste at the end-of-life,

D-2: Benefits for generated energy due to incineration of carpet waste at the end-of-life (incineration plant with R1 > 0.6),

D-3: Benefits for saved fossil energy and saved inorganic material due to recovery of the carpet in a cement plant at the end-of-life, transport from the reprocessing plant to the cement kiln.

Comparability

Basically, a comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all the data sets to be compared were created according to /EN 15804/ and the building context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account.

Background data are taken from the /GaBi database 2017/, service pack 33 and from the /ecoinvent 3.3/ database.

LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

The following information refer to the declared modules and are the basis for calculations or can be used for further calculations. The indicated values refer to the declared functional unit of all products with a total pile weight lower than 800 g/m^2 .

Specific information on products having a lower total pile weight can be taken from the annex.

Transport to the construction site (A4)

Name	Value	Unit
Litres of fuel (truck, EURO 0-5 mix)	0.0048	l/100km
Transport distance	700	km
Capacity utilisation (including empty runs)	85	%

Installation in the building (A5)

motanation in the banding (Ae)		
Name	Value	Unit
Material loss	0.22	ka

Packaging waste and installation waste are considered to be incinerated in a municipal waste incineration plant.

Preparation of the floor and auxiliaries (adhesives, fixing agents, PET connectors, etc.) are not taken into account.

Maintenance (B2)

Indication per m² floor covering and per year (see annex, chapter 'General Information on use stage')

Name	Value	Unit
Maintenance cycle (wet cleaning)	1.5	1/year
Maintenance cycle (vacuum cleaning)	208	1/year
Water consumption (wet cleaning)	0.004	m ³
Cleaning agent (wet cleaning)	0.09	kg
Electricity consumption	0.314	kWh

Further information on cleaning and maintenance see www.object-carpet.com

End of Life (C1-C4)

Three different end-of-life scenarios are declared and the results are indicated separately in module C. Each scenario is calculated as a 100% scenario.

Scenario 1: 100% landfill disposal

Scenario 2: 100% municipal waste incineration (MWI)

with R1>0.6

Scenario 3: 100% recycling in the cement industry

If combinations of these scenarios have to be calculated this should be done according to the following scheme:

EOL-impact = x% impact (Scenario 1)

+ y% impact (Scenario 2)

+ z% impact (Scenario 3)

Name	Value	Unit
Collected as mixed construction	2.4	kg
waste (scenario 1 and 2)	2.4	Ny
Collected separately (scenario 3)	2.4	kg
Landfilling (scenario 1)	2.4	kg
Energy recovery (scenario 2)	2.4	kg
Energy recovery (scenario 3)	1.57	kg
Recycling (scenario 3)	0.83	kg

Reuse, recovery and/or recycling potentials (D), relevant scenario information

Recovery or recycling potentials due to the three endof-life scenarios (module C) are indicated separately.

$\frac{\textit{Recycling in the cement industry (scenario 3)}}{\textit{NDZ e.V.}}$

The organic material of the carpet is used as secondary fuel in a cement kiln. It mainly substitutes for lignite (61.9%), hard coal (26.8%) and petrol coke (11.3%).

The inorganic material is substantially integrated in the cement clinker and substitutes for original material input.

LCA: Results

The results are valid for all declared products with a maximum total pile weight of 800 g/m².

LCA results for product groups having a lower total pile weight can be taken from the corresponding tables of the annex. The LCA results always refer to the highest total pile weight of the corresponding pile weight category. Results for similar products with any other total pile weight can be calculated by using equation 1 given in the annex (see annex chapter: 'General Information on the annex').

The declared result figures in module B2 have to be multiplied by the assumed service life (in years) of the floor covering in the building under consideration (see annex, chapter 'General Information on use stage').

Information on un-declared modules:

Modules B3 - B7 are not relevant during the service life of the carpet and are therefore not declared. Modules C1, C3/1 and C4/2 cause no additional impact (see "LCA: Calculation rules") and are therefore not declared. Module C2 represents the transport for scenarios 1, 2 and 3. Column D represents module D/A5. The CML characterisation factors version April 2015 are applied.

THE	The Civil characterisation factors version April 2015 are applied.															
DESC	RIPT	ION O	F THE	SYST	EM B	OUND	ARY (X = IN	CLUD	ED IN	LCA; I	MND =	MOD	JLE N	OT DE	CLARED)
PRODUCT STAGE CONSTRUCT ON PROCES STAGE				OCESS		USE STAGE						END OF LIFE STAGE				BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARIES
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	nse	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	De-construction demolition Transport Waste processing			Reuse- Recovery- Recycling- potential
A 1	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1	B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 C1 C2 C3 (C4	D			
X	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	MNR	MNR	MNR	MND	MND	MND	Х	Х	Х	Х

RESU	RESULTS OF THE LCA - ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT: 1 m² floorcovering													
Param eter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	C2	C3/2	C3/3	C4/1	D	D/1	D/2	D/3
GWP	[kg CO ₂ -Eq.]	1.41E+1	9.94E-2	1.70E+0	0.00E+0	3.32E-1	5.57E-3	3.33E+0	1.48E-2	1.72E-1	-2.13E-1	0.00E+0	-1.46E+0	-4.13E-1
ODP	[kg CFC11-Eq.]	1.10E-8	3.34E-14	9.71E-10	0.00E+0	1.26E-8	1.87E-15	9.89E-13	6.57E-13	4.22E-13	-4.01E-12	0.00E+0	-2.73E-11	-1.91E-11
AP	[kg SO ₂ -Eq.]	2.07E-2	4.18E-4	2.11E-3	0.00E+0	1.34E-3	2.35E-5	2.65E-3	4.23E-5	4.75E-4	-3.31E-4	0.00E+0	-2.26E-3	-1.71E-3
EP	[kg (PO ₄) ³ -Eq.]	3.95E-3	1.04E-4	4.20E-4	0.00E+0	3.21E-4	5.85E-6	6.65E-4	3.83E-6	4.71E-4	-3.49E-5	0.00E+0	-2.39E-4	-1.74E-4
POCP	[kg ethene-Eq.]	2.82E-3	-1.71E-4	2.49E-4	6.29E-5	1.62E-4	-9.56E-6	1.63E-4	2.70E-6	5.42E-5	-3.14E-5	0.00E+0	-2.16E-4	-1.85E-4
ADPE	[kg Sb-Eq.]	8.92E-6	8.00E-9	7.97E-7	0.00E+0	1.14E-6	4.48E-10	9.58E-8	5.91E-9	3.56E-8	-4.10E-8	0.00E+0	-2.79E-7	-2.54E-7
ADPF	[MJ]	2.37E+2	1.37E+0	2.12E+1	0.00E+0	6.89E+0	7.70E-2	1.61E+0	1.58E-1	2.46E+0	-2.97E+0	0.00E+0	-2.04E+1	-4.87E+1

GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential of land and water; EP = Caption Eutrophication potential; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources

RESULTS OF THE LCA - RESOURCE USE: 1 m² floorcovering

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	C2	C3/2	C3/3	C4/1	D	D/1	D/2	D/3
PERE	[MJ]	3.53E+1	6.92E-2	3.14E+0	0.00E+0	9.87E-1	3.88E-3	2.01E-1	8.85E-2	1.88E-1	-5.41E-1	0.00E+0	-3.69E+0	-4.31E-1
PERM	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0						
PERT	[MJ]	3.53E+1	6.92E-2	3.14E+0	0.00E+0	9.87E-1	3.88E-3	2.01E-1	8.85E-2	1.88E-1	-5.41E-1	0.00E+0	-3.69E+0	-4.31E-1
PENRE	[MJ]	2.08E+2	1.38E+0	2.25E+1	0.00E+0	8.05E+0	7.73E-2	4.60E+1	4.45E+1	2.56E+0	-3.59E+0	0.00E+0	-2.47E+1	-4.91E+1
PENRM	[MJ]	4.42E+1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	-4.42E+1	-4.42E+1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
PENRT	[MJ]	2.52E+2	1.38E+0	2.25E+1	0.00E+0	8.05E+0	7.73E-2	1.78E+0	2.60E-1	2.56E+0	-3.59E+0	0.00E+0	-2.47E+1	-4.91E+1
SM	[kg]	9.21E-2	0.00E+0	8.13E-3	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	8.26E-1
RSF	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0						
NRSF	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	4.62E+1						
FW	[m³]	5.78E-2	1.28E-4	6.36E-3	0.00E+0	4.25E-3	7.18E-6	1.03E-2	1.26E-4	6.13E-6	-7.73E-4	0.00E+0	-5.26E-3	-4.60E-3

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources; penke = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources; penke = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; penker = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water

RESULTS OF THE LCA – OUTPUT FLOWS AND WASTE CATEGORIES:

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	C2	C3/2	C3/3	C4/1	D	D/1	D/2	D/3
HWD	[kg]	3.43E-5	7.24E-8	3.03E-6	0.00E+0	1.13E-9	4.06E-9	6.75E-9	1.05E-10	9.91E-9	-8.72E-10	0.00E+0	-5.96E-9	-3.72E-9
NHWD	[kg]	3.82E-1	1.05E-4	7.20E-2	0.00E+0	8.17E-3	5.91E-6	4.24E-1	1.71E-4	2.39E+0	-1.28E-3	0.00E+0	-8.73E-3	-1.93E-1
RWD	[kg]	5.90E-3	1.88E-6	5.29E-4	0.00E+0	3.81E-4	1.05E-7	7.10E-5	4.04E-5	3.88E-5	-2.47E-4	0.00E+0	-1.68E-3	-1.55E-4
CRU	[kg]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
MFR	[kg]	3.25E-2	0.00E+0	2.86E-3	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	8.26E-1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
MER	[kg]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	1.57E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
EEE	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	7.09E-1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	4.82E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
EET	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	1.65E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	1.14E+1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
ПП	WD - Ha	zardoue v	vacta dien	ocod: NH	MD - Nor	hazardo	ue waeto i	dienocod:	DWD - D	adioactive	wasta di	enocod: C	PIL - Cor	nnononte

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EEE = Exported thermal energy

References

/IBU 2016/

IBU (2016): General Programme Instructions for the Preparation of EPDs at the Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., Version 1.1 Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., Berlin.

www.ibu-epd.de

/ISO 14025/

DIN EN /ISO 14025:2011-10/, Environmental labels and declarations — Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures

/EN 15804/

/EN 15804:2012-04+A1 2013/, Sustainability of construction works — Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products

PCR Part A

Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., Berlin (pub.):
Product Category Rules for Construction Products
from the range of Environmental Product Declarations
of Institut Bauen und Umwelt (IBU),
Part A: Calculation Rules for the Life Cycle
Assessment and Requirements on the Background
Report, V1.6 April 2017
www.bau-umwelt.de

PCR Part B

Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., Berlin (pub.): Product Category Rules for Construction Products from the range of Environmental Product Declarations of Institut Bauen und Umwelt (IBU), Part B: Requirements on the EPD for floor coverings, V1.4, September 2016 www.bau-umwelt.de

EN 1307

DIN EN 1307: 2014+A1:2016: Textile floor coverings - Classification

EN 14041

DIN EN 14041: 2008-05: Resilient, textile and laminate floor coverings - Essential characteristics

ISO 10874

DIN EN ISO 10874:2012-04: Resilient, textile and laminate floor coverings - Classification

EN 13501-1

DIN EN 13501-1:2010-01: Fire classification of construction products and building elements - Part 1: Classification using data from reaction to fire tests

ISO 15686

ISO 15686: Buildings and constructed assets - Service life planning

ISO 15686-1: 2011-05: Part 1: General principles and framework

ISO 15686-2: 2012-05: Part 2: Service life prediction procedures

ISO 15686-7: 2006-03: Part 7: Performance evaluation for feedback of service life data from practice

ISO 15686-8: 2008-06: Part 8: Reference service life and service-life estimation

VDZ e.V.

Umweltdaten der deutschen Zementindustrie 2015

CPR

Construction Products Regulation, Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2011

PRODIS

Product Information System (PRODIS) of the European Carpet Industry, Gemeinschaft umweltfreundlicher Teppichboden e.V (GUT) and European Carpet and Rug Association (ECRA), http://www.pro-dis.info

REACH

Regulation concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency (ECHA), European Union Regulation No 1907/2006, June 2017,

GaBi database 2017

GaBi Software-System and Database for Life Cycle Engineering, thinkstep AG, Leinfelden-Echterdingen, service pack 33, 2017

ecoinvent 3.3

ecoinvent, Zurich, Switzerland, Database Version 3.3 15^{th} August 2016

